Appendix A

RFID Tag Placement Guide

The following pages provide pictures of equipment and locations to place RFID tags. It is important to place the tags in the same location for each type of equipment to ensure proper read by the interrogators as well as easy to locate for removal or battery replacement.

General Guidelines:

- Tags should be attached to the item using 2 plastic cable ties, with a minimum tinsel strength of 50 lbs, to ensure tags are held in place properly (don't use the plastic bracket that comes with the tag the bracket should be discarded as the plastic ties will not fit through the bottom hole of the bracket). Two plastic ties must be utilized, one on each end of the tag.
- Mount tag so the tag number can be read when looking at the tag. On a container, the lower on the container the better recommend 1 foot off the ground remember, many containers are stacked or placed on trailers for movement, the higher the tag, the more difficult to read the number.
- Print a minimum of 3 Mylar Military Shipping Labels (MSL), 2 attached to the item and one wrapped around the upper portion of the RFID tag and not covering the battery compartment or the tag number. This ensures that the correct RFID tag is attached to the proper item. It also ensures that if the tag should become detached from the item, someone can reattach it. Without a label on the tag identifying the item it should be attached to, all tags look alike and the tag would have to be read to determine where it goes.
- Ensure all RFID Tag and MSL data fields are completely and accurately filled out.
- Place the tags according to the pictures contained in this document to better provide standardization. Tags cannot be read if placed inside metal containers and possibly not be read if on the backside of equipment or containers.

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AARDVARK



M9 ACE



SCRAPER



GRADER



EXCAVATOR, MULTI-PURPOSE, 1085



FORKLIFT, TRK-RT, TX51-19M



ROLLER



TRAM



SKYTRAK MMV TRK, LIFT FORK, R/T



LIGHT SET



PORTABLE WATER/FUEL TANK, SIXCON



TACTICAL WELDING SHOP



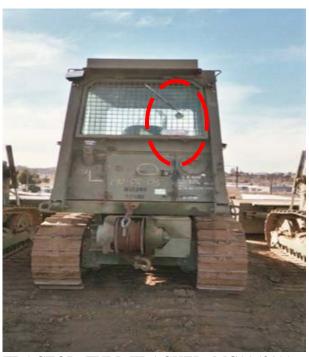
GENERATOR SET, ALL IN THIS SERIES



TRAILER, WELDING



D7 BULLDOZER, ARMORED



TRACTOR, FULL TRACKED, MC1150/55



D9 BULLDOZER, ARMORED



D7 BULLDOZER







CRANE, 7 ½ TON



CRANE, 25 TON

ROWPU





20 FOOT SPREADER BAR, RTCH

MOTOR TRANSPORT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



LVS, MK-18A1, D0881



HMMWV (ALL VARIANTS)



TRAILER, M870



LVS (ALL VARIANTS)



MK18 TRAILER, RIBBON BRIDGE



MK17 (4X4) DROPSIDE UNIT

MOTOR TRANSPORT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



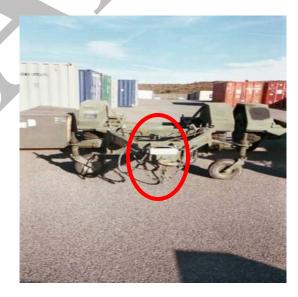
TRUCK, 5 TON and 800 SERIES (ALL VARIANTS)



TRAILER TRAILER, M105 / M101



MTVR (ALL VARIANTS)



TRAILER, CHASIS

CONTAINER SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



TRAILER, LINE CHARGE



WATER BULL, M149

CONTAINER SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



QUADCON





SHELTER, 20'



US SI-003



AN/TTC



SHELTER, ELECTRIC EQUIP

CONTAINER SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



MILVAN AND/OR SEAVAN CONTAINER, 20'/ 40'



CONTAINER, HELICOPTER BLADES

COMBAT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



AAV (All variants)









LAV



LAV



BRIDGE, MOTORIZED

COMBAT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



FOX NBC VEHICLE





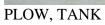
HOWITZER, M198



M88 TANK RETRIEVER

COMBAT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT







M1A1 TANK

AVIATION SUPPORT EQUIPMENT









AVIATION SUPPORT EQUIPMENT



AVIATION SUPPORT EQUIPMENT









Appendix B

Standardized Naming Convention for RF Interrogator Sites

The standardized naming convention consists of three components, the site location, interrogator name, and the interrogator description. The first component, Site Location, is used to group the RF Sites at a site location, and may have to be manually updated. Interrogator Name may contain up to twenty characters for the name and must contain one character (R or W) to define the site's function and must contain a sequence number for the site. The second component, Interrogator Description, may contain up to 40 characters but it must contain the information in the specific format outlined below and conform to the rules in the table below. Examples of the standardized interrogator naming convention are provided below.

Site Location	Interrogator Name			Interrogator
(20 Characters maximum)	(20 characters maximum)			Description
				(40 characters
				maximum)
Primary name of Marine Corps Site/Camp locations are: 29 PALMS, ALBANY, BARSTOW, BEAUFORT, BLOUNT ISLAND, CHERRY POINT, FALLBROOK, HAWAII, IWAKUNI, LEJEUNE, MARCH, MIRAMAR, NEW RIVER, OKINAWA, PENDLETON,	Name of Location (17 characters maximum) i.e., Main Gate, APOD, 1FSSGSMU, Gate 2; CourtneyMTLot; FosterGate. Unit write stations would be similar	Function Type (1 character) "R" for Read "W" for Write	Sequence Number (1 character) I thru 9	maximum) 1. No punctuation marks within description, i.e., no commas, dashes, colons, semi-colons, or periods are allowed. 2. If the site is an Early Entry Deployment Support Kit (EEDSK), "EEDSK," must be inserted at the end of the description. 3. Country Codes
QUANTICO, YUMA. (All locations aboard Camp Pendleton would be	construct: TSB; 1/12Embark; CSSG15MT;			must be standard and conform to country codes posted on the
Pendleton; all sites in Okinawa would be Okinawa)	CSSG29PPP; etc.			ITV Server

1. INTERROGATOR NAME

a. Three different types of names:

- (1) CONUS Military Sites
- (2) OCONUS Military Sites
- (3) Commercial Sites

- **b. CONUS Military Sites.** Use the name of the military installation but delete the prefix, i.e. Camp Lejeune, NC, would be listed as Lejeune. Follow guide in table above. Do not use the Camp, MCAS, MCB, MCBH, etc. in the name or in the description.
- **c. OCONUS Military Sites.** Use the name of the military location, but delete the prefix, i.e. Camp Kinser in Okinawa would be listed as Kinser. Additional Camps affected by this naming convention would be Schwab, Hansen, Courtney, White Beach, Red Beach, Kinser, and Kadena all falling under the site location of OKINAWA. When deployed, use the nearest city to the location burning tags.
- **d.** Commercial Sites. Use the name of city the site is located in, i.e. DENVER, AUSTIN, SANFRAN (abbreviated for San Francisco).
- **e. Interrogator Function**. All RF Interrogator sites will be designated as either a <u>Read</u> or <u>Write</u> Site. The letter "R," will designate a Read site and the letter "W," will designate a Write Site. The letter designating the site's functions immediately follows the name of the military installation or city.
- **f. Sequence Number**. The sequence number is a number assigned to differentiate each site from other sites of the same type on the same installation or at the same location, i.e. Camp Pendleton has several RF Interrogator sites and each site's name would include its sequence number. (PENDLETONR1, PENDLETONR2, LEJEUNEW1). The sequence number is the next available number from 1 to 9. If an installation or location has more than 9 sites, the name of the site will be reduced by one character to accommodate the addition of an additional number. The site's sequence number follows the function designator. DO NOT DUPLICATE SEQUENCE NUMBERS AT THE SAME LOCATION.
- 2. **INTERROGATOR DESCRIPTION.** The Interrogator Description must include the following information in the exact sequence described below.
 - a. CONUS Military Sites.
- (1) Use the name of the military installation but delete the prefix, i.e. Camp Lejeune, NC, would be listed as <u>LEJEUNE</u>.
 - (2) State Abbreviation, i.e. NC for North Carolina, LA for Louisiana, etc.
 - (3) Description of Interrogator's Function, i.e. Maine Gate, Lot 201, Railhead, etc.
- (4) Mobile or Temporary Sites using an Early Entry Deployment Support Kit will add "EEDSK," to the end of the description.

b. OCONUS Military Sites.

- (1) Use the name of the military location, but delete the prefix, i.e. Camp Virginia in Iraq would be listed as <u>VIRGINIA</u>.
- (2) Country Code, i.e. GE for Germany, JA for Japan, etc. (Authorized country codes are available on the ITV Server under the Queries.
 - (3) Description of Interrogator's Function, i.e. Main Gate, Truck Gate, APOD Arrival/Departure, etc.
- (4) Mobile or Temporary Sites using an Early Entry Deployment Support Kit will add "EEDSK," to the end of the description.

3. EXAMPLES.

a. CONUS Military Site

(1) Two Read stations located at Camp Lejeune, NC. Site location is Lejeune.

Interrogator Name: *LEJEUNER1*

Interrogator Description: *LEJEUNE NC MAIN GATE READ*

Interrogator Name: *LEJEUNER2*

Interrogator Description: LEJEUNE NC TRIANGLE GATE READ

(2) One Write stations located at Camp Pendleton, CA. Site location is Pendleton.

Interrogator Name: *PENDLETONW1*

Interrogator Description: PENDLETON CA SMU WRITE 1

b. OCONUS Military Site (One Read station EEDSK and a Write station at "DDKS (DLA facility) in Kuwait.)

Interrogator Name: VIRGINIAR1

Interrogator Description: VIRGINIA IZ MAIN GATE READ EEDSK

Interrogator Name: OKINAWAW1

Interrogator Description: KINSER OKI JA SMU WRITE 1

c. CONUS/OCONUS Commercial Site

(1) One Read station located in Albany, GA. Site location is Albany.

Interrogator Name: ALBANYR1

Interrogator Description: ALBANY GA TRUCK GATE READ

(2) One Read station located at Air Terminal, Iwakuni, Japan. Site location is IWAKUNI.

Interrogator Name: *IWAKUNIR1*

Interrogator Description: *IWAKUNI JA AIR TERMINAL READ*

(4) One Write station for 3d MARDIV Headquarters, Okinawa, Japan. Site location is White Beach.

Site Location: OKINAWA

Interrogator (write station) Name: WHITEBEACHW9

Interrogator Description: OKINAWA JA 3DMARDIV PIER 1 WRITE

ACRONYMS

AIT Automatic Identification Technologies

AIS Automated Information Systems

AMS-TAC Automated Manifest System - Tactical

CAC Common Access Card FTP File Transfer Protocol

GTN Global Transportation Network

HHI Hand-Held Interrogator ITV In-Transit Visibility

JTAV Joint Total Asset Visibility
OMC Optical Memory Card

PDCD Portable Data Collection Device

PDT Portable Data Terminal
RDU Rapid Deployment Unit

RF Radio Frequency

RFID Radio Frequency Identification

TAV Total Asset Visibility

TIPS Total Asset Visibility In-Transit Visibility Processing Station

TCMD Transportation Control & Movement Document

TCN Transportation Control Number